



Planning Tool: COVID-19 Outbreak Management

The key principles set out in the contingency framework are:

- maximise the number of children in face-to-face education or childcare and minimise any disruption in a way that best manages the COVID-19 risk
- managing transmission should be weighed against any educational drawbacks
- measures should affect the minimum number of children for the shortest time
- attendance restrictions should be considered as a last resort where all other risk mitigations have not broken chains of in-school transmission

The **DfE's Contingency Framework** sets out a range of measures that can be considered by settings as part of their outbreak management plan and decision making processes, as follows:

1. **Baseline control measures** – settings can implement any of these without additional support/approval and prior to an outbreak
2. **Additional outbreak control measures** - settings should consider these actions when a threshold is met.
3. **Enhanced outbreak control measures** - some, or all, of these measures may be recommended following a risk assessment (IMT) with local authority public health or the SWHPT.
4. **Exceptional outbreak control measures** – these measures may be recommended in exceptional circumstances following a joint risk assessment (education and public health) via an Outbreak Control Team (OCT) meeting

Baseline Control Measures

Baseline Measures that can be in place at all times (non outbreak)	In place and date stood up
Follow and promote public health guidance on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19	Yes/no Date:
Setting based contact tracing of staff cases with staff contacts reported to isolation hub (020 3743 6715)	Yes/no Date:
Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes	Yes/no Date:
Keep occupied spaces well ventilated	Yes/no Date:
Appropriate use of PPE	Yes/no Date:
Deliver strong messaging about signs and symptoms of Covid-19, isolation advice and testing to support prompt isolation of suspected cases	Yes/no Date:
Encourage vaccination uptake for eligible students and staff	Yes/no Date:
Promotion of PCR testing for close contacts identified by NHS Test and Trace	Yes/no Date:

Additional outbreak control measures

Thresholds for considering additional measures

Definitions of close mixing (p.19 Contingency Framework)

For early years, this could include:

- a nursery class
- a friendship group who often play together
- staff and children taking part in the same activity session together

For schools, this could include:

- a form group or subject class
- a friendship group mixing at breaktimes
- a sports team
- a group in an after-school activity

The DfE has now defined 'thresholds' to indicate that transmission may be occurring within a setting and additional control measures may be needed.

- 5 cases of pupils/staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive within a 10-day period
- 10% of pupils/staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive within a 10-day period (e.g. 3 children out of a class of 30, 2 children in a class of less than 20)
- You are having problems implementing the control measures **OR** you have applied the control measures and are still seeing a significant rise in cases.
- There are any admissions to hospital for COVID-19.

If a setting meets the threshold set out above, they can access support via the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687). For Torbay please e-mail Trackandtrace@torbay.gov.uk a member of the public health team will contact you. For Devon, report confirmed cases using this [smart survey link](#). If you think that you may need to close your setting you should also email the school priority alert mailbox.

To reduce duplication and risk of variation in advice between agencies, settings **do not** need to escalate via multiple routes.

Close mixing (p.19 contingency framework)

For early years, this could include:

- a nursery class
- a friendship group who often play together
- staff and children taking part in the same activity session together

For schools, this could include:

- a form group or subject class
- a friendship group mixing at breaktimes
- a sports team
- a group in an after-school activity

Additional Outbreak Control Measures - <i>Settings should consider these actions when a threshold is met.</i>		
Additional Measures for Consideration where Thresholds Apply	When to consider	In place and date stood up
Provide warn and inform information to identified group (e.g. class, year group, common activities group).	As standard	Yes/no Date:
Advise school to provide outbreak information to whole setting community	On setting discretion where whole setting communications will be beneficial. In periods of low transmission this should be considered a standard action.	Yes/no Date:
Strengthened communications to encourage pupils to undertake twice weekly LFD testing; and reinforcing advice on symptoms and case isolation	As standard and when asymptomatic testing uptake is not optimal	Yes/no Date:
Consider moving activities outdoors, including exercise, assemblies and classes	As standard when feasible (e.g. weather) with priority given to activities where large groups gather, there is contact between those who would not usually mix or where singing, shouting or exercise may be taking place	Yes/no Date:

Further improvement of ventilation indoors (where this would not significantly impact thermal comfort)	As standard, with particular focus on improving ventilation during activities where singing, shouting or exercise may be taking place	Yes/no Date:
One-off enhanced cleaning focusing on touch points and any shared equipment	As standard	Yes/no Date:
Review and reinforcement of hygiene measures	As standard, with particular support for those where maintaining hygiene standards may be difficult (for example younger cohorts)	Yes/no Date:
Promote vaccination uptake for eligible students and staff	As standard	Yes/no Date:

Enhanced outbreak control measures

Some, or all, of these measures may be recommended **following a risk assessment with local authority public health or the SWHPT**. These are likely to be considered when:

- There is evidence of transmission within the setting, and additional measures will add value in reducing the risk of ongoing transmission; and/or
- There are multiple groups within the setting who meet the threshold for considering additional action (as this may indicate increased risk of transmission within the setting)

Enhanced Outbreak Control Measures		
Measures	Action	Additional planning
Increased frequency of LFD testing (<i>for eligible staff/students</i>)	If evidence of significant spread within the setting. This may include increasing the frequency of home testing to daily for a well-defined cohort.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify the daily testing cohort • Advise on local processes for accessing test kits if necessary Plus: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clear comms: to parent / carers and on your setting website
Promoting social distancing and reducing crowding.	When evidence, or high risk of transmission between groups or where there is evidence of significant transmission within the setting. This may include reducing the number of children gathering together (for example in assemblies) and minimising pinch points in the school day Limit: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • whole setting activities Reintroduce: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • staggered start/ finish times at secondary and college • staggered parent drop off/pick up times at primary and early years 	Use previous Risk Assessment regarding implementation of any of these measures to adjust school organisation. Plus:

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clear comms: to parent / carers and on your setting website
Recommend a one-off PCR test for setting contacts	When the risk assessment indicates a potential shared exposure or transmission within the setting and a contact group can be clearly defined.	e.g. In implementing these structural changes state how will you ensure:
Introduce methods to reduce intergroup mixing (for example separate break times, staggered entry etc.)	<p>Evidence, or high risk of inter-group spread within the setting (e.g. not via siblings or out of school activities). This measure is most likely to be effective when there is substantial mixing between classes and most likely to be proportionate when implementing does not disrupt lesson planning.</p> <p>Create:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • smaller groups / bubbles <p>Limit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • staff crossing between groups 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equal access to teaching and learning for all • EHCP requirements will be met • Provision for CiN, CYP on CP Plan, and LAC will be met • Sufficient staffing capacity ensures effective curriculum delivery
Reducing mixing of staff e.g. by holding meetings remotely	<p>Where there is evidence, or high risk of transmission between staff and/or low vaccination rates amongst staff.</p> <p>Limit / review necessity for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • staff face to face meetings • onsite CPD <p>Governor etc. monitoring visits</p>	
Temporary reinstating face coverings in communal areas and/or classrooms for pupils/students / staff (<u>primary age children should not be advised to wear masks</u>)	<p>Where there is high community transmission and/or high risk of transmission within the setting AND a cohort who can reasonably apply this measure. If other ventilation measures are hard to apply this may be recommended as an addition.</p> <p>Have clear comms: to parent/carers an on your setting website on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Who and when the wearing of face coverings will apply and for how long • How face coverings are made available to those who may not have their own 	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A system for the wider community to understand and facilitate exemption rules 	
<p>Limitation of residential education visits, open days, transition/taster days, parental attendance, live performances</p>	<p>Where there is evidence of ongoing transmission within cohort where visits/etc planned.</p> <p>Limit / review necessity for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • residential trips • sporting events • open days, transition or taster days • parental attendance in settings and at performances • staff face to face meetings • onsite CPD • Governor etc. monitoring visits 	

Exceptional outbreak control measures

These measures may be recommended in exceptional circumstances **following a joint risk assessment (education and public health) via an Outbreak Control Team (OCT) meeting**

Exceptional Outbreak Control Measures		
Measures	Action	Additional planning
Reinstating on-site LFD testing. (Assisted testing site)	<p>Where asymptomatic uptake is sub optimal and there is evidence of significant asymptomatic spread within the setting. This measure may include daily testing for a defined group of students or staff.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reintroduce on-site asymptomatic testing LA deploys a community testing van (PH decision) 	<p>Have clear comms: to parent / carers and on your setting website on the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> When testing will take place Where testing will take place Who will receive on-site testing (which CYP) How testing will be undertaken
Consider whole-genome-sequencing of an identified group	Where there is evidence, or high risk of transmission of a variant of concern, of variant under investigation that requires enhanced management	
Attendance restrictions (see below for types of restrictions)	<p>NOTE: Any restrictions to the attendance of pupils (non-cases) may only be considered in extreme cases 'as a short-term measure and as a last resort'. where other measures have been implemented and have not broken chains of transmission</p> <p>** IMT required**</p> <p>In all circumstances, priority should continue to be given to vulnerable children and young people and children of critical workers to attend to their normal timetables.</p> <p>Where measures include attendance restrictions, DfE may advise on any other groups that should be prioritised.</p>	
a. Partial closure	Previously schools could contact trace and ask individuals who were close contacts to	List what will be put in place should a large number of

	<p>self-isolate and/or move classes to remote learning as necessary.</p> <p>Contact tracing <u>in an outbreak situation</u> is now termed as 'partial closure', as legally only over 18s who have not had both vaccine doses, or those with symptoms / those who have tested positive can be asked to isolate by NHS Test and Trace and those exempt do not need to isolate.</p>	<p>children and/or staff need to go home and be in receipt of high quality remote learning due to stepped up measures to break a chain of infection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide location of your remote learning plan(s), e.g. remote learning policy). • Be clear on how you will continue to prioritise meals or lunch parcels for pupils eligible for benefits-related free school meals while they are not attending because of COVID-19 isolation guidelines.
<p>b. Full closure</p>	<p>When transmission reaches the point that partial closures and/or staffing capacity can no longer maintain safe teaching and learning within the setting, the outbreak control process may recommend a move to remote learning for the whole school for a short period of time.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Insert details of how you'll distribute meals or lunch parcels to pupils (e.g. parents collect from setting). • Clear comms: to parent/carers and on your setting website of these arrangement <p>NOTE: CYP/staff are not being asked to isolate.</p> <p>In implementing this partial closure state how will you ensure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equal access to teaching and learning for all • EHCP requirements will be met • Provision for CiN, CYP on CP Plan, and LAC will be met

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sufficient staffing capacity ensures effective curriculum delivery <p>Also outline:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Travel plans to get children home, where appropriate • Provision of appropriate IT and technical support for remote learning
c. Wraparound care	<p>Limit access to before and after-school activities and wraparound care during term time and the summer holidays to those that need it most.</p> <p>If holiday clubs are cancelled following government advice, they should operate flexibly to ensure that eligible children still receive support that meets the aims of the programme.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting / Holiday activity provider to communicate who will be eligible to attend once the restrictions are confirmed.

Additional Considerations

Please note the following considerations, should attendance be restricted for any reason:

Remote Learning:

High-quality remote learning in schools, further education and higher education settings should be provided for all pupils and students if:

- They have tested positive for COVID-19 but are well enough to learn from home; or
- Attendance at their setting has been temporarily restricted

Safeguarding measures:

- Review child protection policy to make sure it reflects any local restrictions and remains effective.
- Aim to have a trained DSL or deputy DSL on site wherever possible.

Adapt as necessary according to the arrangements you have in place

- If the DSL (or deputy) can't be on site, they can be contacted remotely by (insert contact details).
- If the DSL (or deputy) is unavailable, we will share a DSL with (insert setting name). Their DSL can be contacted by (insert contact details). Baseline measures (operational intervention to manage and prevent ongoing transmission)